

Tennessee Virtual Academy

School District: Union County

School Year: 2022-23

Virtual School Monitoring Report

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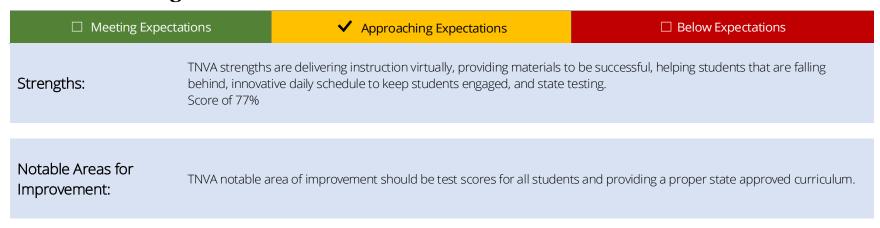
Overall Designation and Findings

The purpose of monitoring is to assess the strengths and areas needing improvement at each virtual school. Each year, local education agencies (LEAs) monitor the instructional, fiscal, and operational practices within their virtual schools using a state-defined series of common practices and statutory requirements. This report reflects the LEA's findings during the monitoring process. The monitoring strands and assurances can be viewed within the Monitoring Domains section of this report. Below is the LEA's overall findings and areas of notability.

School Overall Designation

✓ Meeting Expec	tations	☐ Approaching Expectations	☐ Below Expectations	
Overall Findings:	become one of	TNVA is the first state wide virtual school established in 2011. Since that time, the school, working with Union County, has become one of the largest state wide school across the state. Accountability has always been one of the priorities of TNVA and it showed during this monitoring process.		
Strengths:		n the following areas: testing, truancy, and special poplo irtual schools not only in the state of Tennessee but acr	uations. Many of the structures that TNVA set forth are loss the country.	
Notable Areas for Improvement:	before but with school that is w	nost needed are for improvement is in academics. Each a bigger influx of online students in the past few years orking with the state and Union County to improve test ssly to improve test scores to an acceptable level.	t has become more difficult. TNVA is now an ATSI	
Plan to Address Notable Areas for Improvement:	process of havir to know their st decline in achie		on committee. Each administrator wants each teacher week, data meetings are held to discuss students gain or ; is held with the teacher, parent/guardians, and	

Domain 1 Findings: Instruction



Domain 2 Findings: Fiscal Management



Domain 3 Findings: School Operations

✓ Meeting Expecta	ations	☐ Approaching Expectations	☐ Below Expectations
TNVA has one of the most robust plans to address truancy for virtual schemost robust plans to address truancy for virtual schemost. Strengths: Strengths: Strengths: TNVA has one of the most robust plans to address truancy for virtual schemost. Strength is an address truancy for virtual schemost. Strengths: Strengths: Skyward SIS system comparing to the STRIDE enrollment system to almost enrollment growing, TNVA has had to adapt to new types of disabilities a Score of 100%		trict transfers making the process easier for families to is the reporting of student information from the LEA ost 100% accuracy. With special populations	
Notable Areas for Improvement:	Following up or	recorded lessons are posted in the Online School.	

Results Snapshot

The school received the following totals:

Number of Compliant Assurances	16
Number of Non-compliant Assurances	1
Number of Applicable Indicators as Determined by the LEA:	22
Number of Fully Met Indicators:	20
Number of Partially Met Indicators:	1
Number of Indicators Not Met:	1

School Contact Information

Union County

Tennessee Virtual Academy] Monitoring – 2022-2023

School Primary Point of Contact		
Principal's Name:	Principal's Phone Number:	
Dr. Tonya Childress	865-992-9026	
School Mailing Address:	Principal's Email:	
1924 Dutch Valley Dr. Suite 1, Knoxville, TN 37918	tchildress@k12.com	
School's Primary Point of Contact (if not principal):	School's Primary Point of Contact (if not principal) Phone:	
Stephanie Jeffrey	865-992-1211	
School's Primary Point of Contact (if not principal) Email:		
sjeffrey@k12.com		

LEA Primary Point of Contact		
LEA Primary Point of Contact Name:	LEA Primary Point of Contact Phone Number:	
Josh Williams	865-992-5466	
LEA PPOC Title:	LEA Primary Point of Contact Email:	
Safety/Virtual Supervisor	Josh.williams@ucps.org	

School Snapshot

School Name:	Tennessee Virtual Academy	Years In Operation:	2010-Current
Total Current Enrollment:	2279	Grades Served:	K-6
Enrollment Types Accepted: Choose all that apply See appendix A for definitions of	✓ In-district of terms	✓ Out-of-district	✓ State-wide
Primary Instructional Model: Choose all that apply	✓ Synchronous	✓ Asynchronous □ Bi	synchronous 🔲 Hybrid

Enrollment Summary

See appendix A for definitions of terms

Grade Level		Current Enrollment			
Grade Level	All Students	English Language Learners	Students With a Disability	Economically Disadvantaged	
Kindergarten	297	4	19	105	
1st Grade	288	3	28	124	
2nd Grade	297	6	36	120	
3rd Grade	317	3	54	133	
4th Grade	320	3	55	112	
5th Grade	370	2	66	128	
6th Grade	390	2	66	137	
7th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				
8th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				
9th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				
10th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				
11th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				
12th Grade	Click or tap here to enter text.				

Domains and Strands At-a-Glance

The purpose of monitoring is to assess the strengths and areas needing improvement at each virtual school. This report reflects the current state of the virtual school being monitored.

Each virtual school is monitored to determine an overall designation through a series of domains and strands as categorized below:

- Domain 1: Instruction
 - o <u>Assurances</u>
 - o Strand 1.1: Instructional Practices & Procedures
- Domain 2: Fiscal Management
 - o <u>Assurances</u>
 - o Strand 2.1: Fiscal Budgeting
- Domain 3: School Operations
 - o <u>Assurances</u>
 - Strand 3.1: Attendance
 - o Strand 3.2: Enrollment
 - o Strand 3.3: Staffing & Operations
 - o Strand 3.4: Technology & Instructional Materials
 - o Strand 3.5: Special Populations

Designation Methodology

The LEA will assign the virtual school a designation level based on the percentages of applicable indicators and assurances as indicated in the table below. Use the tables and formula below to calculate the school designation level.

Designation Levels		
Meeting Expectations =	Approaching Expectations =	Below Expectations =
80-100% of Indicators Met	60-79% of Indicators Met	Below 60% of Indicators Met

Formula for calculating school designation levels:

$$Designation \ Level = \left(\frac{Sum \ of \ Indicator \ Ratings + Sum \ of \ Assurance \ Ratings}{\# \ of \ Applicable \ Indicators + \# \ of \ Assurances}\right) \times 100$$

Assurance Rating Table

Each monitoring domain has associated assurances that are drawn from Tennessee statutes and Tennessee State Board of Education (SBE) rules. The included assurances are indicators of statutory and regulatory compliance and are not an exhaustive list of statutes, rules, or regulations that govern virtual schooling. For each assurance, the LEA's director of schools or their designee will choose either yes or no signifying compliance or non-compliance. If non-compliant assurances are identified, the LEA's director or schools or their designee must provide a statement outlining the steps the LEA and/or virtual school will take to come into compliance with the non-compliant assurance. The LEA will assign a numeric value to each assurance based on the tables below.

Compliant with Assurance	Non-compliant with Assurance
- The LEA's director of schools or their designee attests that the virtual school is fully compliant with the listed assurance.	- The LEA's director of schools or their designee attests that the virtual school is not fully compliant with the listed assurance.

Numeric Value of Assurance Ratings		
Compliant with assurance= 1	Non-compliant with Assurance = 0	

Indicator Rating Table

LEAs will rate how the virtual school aligns to each applicable indicator within the monitoring strands. The LEA will assign a numeric value to each applicable indicator based on the tables below. Certain indicators may not be applicable to the virtual school; these indicators should not have a numeric value assigned and should be marked as "Indicator Not Applicable".

Fully Meets the Indicator	Partially Meets the Indicator	Does Not Meet the Indicator	Indicator Not Applicable
 School provides evidence that aligns fully with the elements addressed in the indicator Provided evidence shows fulfillment or compliance of the indicator One or more pieces of evidence are provided 	 School provides evidence that aligns partially with the elements addressed in the indicator Provided evidence shows progress towards fulfillment or compliance of the indicator One or more pieces of evidence are provided 	 School does not provide evidence that satisfies the elements addressed in the indicator School provides evidence that does not address the indicator School does not provide evidence 	 The indicator is not applicable due to grade-level configuration The indicator is not applicable due to absence of previous year accountability data The indicator is not applicable due to LEA policy Note: LEA must enter rationale when choosing indicator not applicable.

Numeric Value of Indicator Ratings				
Fully Meets the	Partially Meets the	Does Not Meet the	Indicator is Not Applicable = No	
Indicator = 1 Indicator = .5		Indicator = 0	Numeric Score	

Accountability Data

School accountability data is taken directly from the Tennessee State Report Card and reflects the prior year's data. Schools that opened in the current academic year will not have state report card data; the LEA should put N/A in this section for these schools.

URL to School's Tennessee State Report Card

https://tdepublicschools.ondemand.sas.com/school/008700060

Graduation Rate (if applicable for grades served)			
Graduation Rate measures the percentage of students that are graduating in four years and whether this percentage is increasing from one year to the next.			
School Graduation Rate District Average Graduation Rate			
N/A	85.8%		

Ready Graduate (College and Career Readiness) (if applicable for grades served)				
Ready Graduate measures whether students are ready for college and careers after high school and whether the percentage of students who are ready is improving from one year to the next. The CTE concentrators rate represents the percentage of graduates who concentrated in a Career and Technical Education program of study.				
School Ready Graduate Rate	District Ready Graduate Rate			
N/A	16.9%			
School Average ACT Composite Score	District Average ACT Composite Score			
N/A	16.2			
School Percentage of CTE Concentrators	District Percentage of CTE Concentrators			
N/A	60.2%			

Overall Academic Growth				
Student growth measures the academic growth rates of groups of students from year to year. Schools are rated as Level 1 through Level 5. Level 1 indicates significant				
evidence that students are making less than expected growth while Level 5 indicates significant evidence that students are making more than expected growth.				
School Wide Growth Score District Wide Growth Score				
0.1	Grades 3-8 Level 1			

Success Rate		
Success rate represents the percentage of students that scored on track or mastered on annual state tests.		
Overall School Success Rate	Overall District Success Rate	
15%	Grades 3-5 19.5% Grades 6-8 16.5%	

Academic Achievement by Subject			
Academic achievement is the percentage of students performing on grade level on state assessments as well as the improvement in this percentage from one year to t			
n	ext.		
School ELA Achievement Percent	District ELA Achievement Percent		
184%	Grades 3-5 21.4% Grades 6-8 19.7%		
School Math Achievement Percent	District Math Achievement Percent		
10.1%	Grades 3-5 17.1% Grades 6-8 12.8%		
School Social Studies Achievement Percent	District Social Studies Achievement Percent		
22.4%	Grades 3-5 No Data Grades 6-8 22.9%		
School Science Achievement Percent	District Science Achievement Percent		
24.3%	Grades 3-5 29.2% Grades 6-8 22.2%		

Chronic Absenteeism			
The chronic absenteeism rate is the percent of students who are chronically absent.			
School Percent of Chronically Absent Students District Percent of Chronically Absent Students			
8.7%	13.2%		

Overall Progress on English Language Proficiency			
Progress on English language proficiency rate indicates the percent of English Language Learners who are demonstrating growth in their ability to read, write, listen to,			
and speak English.			
School Progress of English Language Proficiency Rate District Progress of English Language Proficiency Rate			
50.0%	50.0%		

Staffing				
Number of Teachers in Virtual School				
176				
Student to Teacher Ratio within Virtual School Student to Teacher Ratio within District				
17:1	15:1			

Monitoring Domains

Domain 1: Instruction

		Assurances	
1. The virtual school uses technology to deliver a significant portion (majority) of instruction to its students via the Internet in or remote setting.			
	✓ Yes	□No	
	If not, what is the sch	nool's plan to come into compliance?	
	Click or tap here to e	nter text.	
2. The virtual school provides access to a sequential curriculum that meets or exceeds the academic standards adopted by Board <u>utilizing state-approved textbooks and instructional materials</u> unless a waiver has been granted to the LEA in acceptable. With T.C.A. § 49-6-2206 and State Board Rule 0520-01-18.			
	□Yes	✓No	
	If not, what is the sch	nool's plan to come into compliance?	
		same state-approved curriculum and textbooks at Union County Public Schools. We utilize K12/Stride curriculum culum and materials. It is our intention to apply for the K12/Stride curriculum to become a state-approved	
3.	·	rides instructional materials and ensures access to necessary technology, such as a computer, printer, and each family with a student enrolled in the virtual school.	
	✓ Yes	□No	
	If not, what is the sch	nool's plan to come into compliance?	

Click or tap here to enter text.

4.	The virtual school provides the same length of time for learning opportunities per academic year that is required under T.C.A. § 6-3004 for public school students (minimum of 180 days of instruction and 6.5 hours per day).			
	✓Yes	□No		
	If not, what is the sc	hool's plan to come into compliance?		
	Click or tap here to e	enter text.		
5. The virtual school fully complies with requirements for physical activity and physical education pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-6 and State Board Policy 4.206.				
	✓ Yes	□No		
	If not, what is the sc	hool's plan to come into compliance?		
	Click or tap here to e	enter text.		
6. The virtual school fulfills the requirements to implement the Response to Instruction and Intervention the State Board in accordance with State Board Rule 0520-01-0309.		lls the requirements to implement the Response to Instruction and Intervention (RTI²) framework adopted by ordance with State Board Rule 0520-01-0309.		
	✓Yes	□No		
	If not, what is the sc	hool's plan to come into compliance?		
	Click or tap here to e	enter text.		

Domain 1: Monitoring Strands

Strand 1.1 – Instructional Practices & Procedures				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale
Instructional Practices & Procedures 1 Show with school level data that the school demonstrates increases in student achievement and that the school is meeting or exceeding the LEAs required accountability targets.	- T.C.A. § 49-16-213; - SBE Rule 0520-01-03 .05(1)(b)(6) - TILS A3, A5	 Student achievement data from previous year (if available) School level TVAAS/TCAP data (if available) Previous year school level AMO and Double AMO targets (if available) 	 Did the school meet their goals as outlined in the previous year's annual school plan? How does the school utilize student and school accountability data in decision making? What actions are taken when student achievement and/or growth are not on track? What are the main factors that lead to the school's current accountability ratings? 	Rating: ☐ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ✔ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Growth scores and achievement scores decreased from 2020- 2021 school year. TNVA moved from TSI to ATSI this year. Addressed: All grades do DAO (Data meetings) about all students and looking at trends. In those data meetings, the team reviews the following data from Mastery Connect, NWEA benchmarks, Success Indicators, and student work samples.

	Strand 1.1 – Instructional Practices & Procedures					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale		
Instructional Practices & Procedures 2 Show how the school tracks student progress toward TN academic standards and what actions are taken when the school has determined that a student is behind in their progress.	- T.C.A. § 49-16-205 - SBE rule 0520-01-03 .05 (1)(b)(8) - TILS A3, A4, A5	 Narrative response Pacing guides Progress monitoring reports Student / academic handbook Data tracker 	 How does the school ensure curricular alignment with TN Academic Standards? How does the school ensure that teachers are aligning to curriculum maps and pacing guides created by the school or LEA? Who leads the process of tracking student progress? What data is used to determine and define student success? What actions are taken to support students who are not progressing appropriately? How does the school communicate and partner with a family if the student is behind in their progress? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA provides additional opportunities for students that are falling behind. Meetings are conducted with parent, students, and administration to develop plans to place the student back on track.		

	Strand 1.1 – Instructional Practices & Procedures					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale		
Instructional Practices & Procedures 3 Outline a typical daily schedule for students in each of the following grade bands. Please include the percentage of time spent engaging in the following instructional models: Grade bands: K 1st - 5th 6th - 8th 9th - 12th Instructional models: Fully asynchronous Fully synchronous Hybrid Other (please explain)	– TILS A2, A4	 Student / academic handbook Course catalog or school master schedule Screenshots or exports or student schedules 	 On average, how much daily instructional time is spent on a computer for each grade band? How are students engaging with curriculum when not on a computer? How does the school ensure that students stay engaged in learning when learning asynchronously? How does the school provide instructional differentiation virtually? How does the school provide high-dosage, lowratio tutoring to virtual students? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Monday, Tuesday, Thursday and Friday are regular school days in which students meet with teachers, small groups, and receive any services needed. Wednesdays are kept aside for students to work in their curriculum an meet with teachers when needed in small groups.		

Strand 1.2 - Instruction and Learning Paths					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Instructional Practices & Procedures 4 Show how the school offers or allows an advanced or accelerated learning path for its students.	– T.C.A. § 49-16-205 – SBE Policy 2.103 (1)(22) – TILS A5, D3	 Advanced curriculum Learning path tracker Student / academic handbook 	 How are students informed that they may work at their own pace to advance through a course? How do teachers manage a classroom of students on differentiated learning paths? 	Rating: ☐ Fully Meets the Indicator ✓ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA schedule does not offer an accelerated path but does offer opportunities for additional opportunities. Grades K-1 does provide students with an opportunity based on reading level to receive additional enrichment per standard.	
Instructional Practices & Procedures 5 Show how the school ensures that all students enrolled in a state tested subject or course have the ability to take state assessments in a proctored environment.	- SBE Policy 2.103 (6)(3) - SBE Rule 0520-01-0305 - TILS D3	 Internal TCAP planning documents Example of distributed communication TCAP proctor training 	 Describe the school's plans and approach to administer TCAP testing. How will the school offer makeup testing for students who are absent on the day of test administration? 	per standard. Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: All students are mandated to take all state tests.	

Strand 1.2 - Instruction and Learning Paths					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Instructional Practices & Procedures 6 Show how the school tracks both graduation requirements and Ready Graduate indicators for each student in grades 9-12. List of EPSOs here: Early Postsecondary Opportunities (tn.gov)	– T.C.A. § 49-6-414 – SBE Rule 0520-01-0306 – TILS A5	 Internal tracker or database Transcript audit schedules EPSO catalog Career Pathway catalog 	- How does the school provide opportunity for students to track their graduation or Ready Graduate progress? - What supports are provided to students who are not on track to graduate and/or to obtain Ready Graduate status?	Rating: ☐ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ✔ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: N/A because TNVA is only K-6.	

Domain 2: Fiscal Management

Assurances

. The virtual school fully complies with T.C.A. § 49-6-3003 and State Board Rule 0520-02-0105 and does not charge tuition to att the virtual school for students who live within the zone of residency of the LEA that operates the virtual school.							
	✓Yes	□No					
	If not, what is the so	chool's plan to come into compliance?					
	Click or tap here to	Click or tap here to enter text.					
2. The virtual school fully complies with State Board Rule 0520-01-0216 and does not require that students or families pay use equipment and/or software while receiving educational training. The virtual school does not require students or family a fee for equipment insurance.							
	✓ Yes	□No					
	If not, what is the so	chool's plan to come into compliance?					
	Click or tap here to	enter text.					

Domain 2: Monitoring Strands

	Strand 2.1 - Fiscal Budgeting						
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:			
Fiscal Budgeting 1 Show that the school has a process to identify and document fiscal needs for the upcoming budgeting cycle.	– TILS D2, D4	 Financial manual Narrative Outline of budgeting process Budgeting needs assessment document 	 Did last year's fiscal budget adequately meet the school's needs? Why or why not? Are there any ongoing initiatives, issues, and/or challenges that may cause the school to exceed the current year's fiscal budget? How does the school identify fiscal needs during the planning process? Based on trend data, will student enrollment increase, decrease, or not change in the upcoming year? How will the school plan for the change? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA executive director meets and plans with STRIDE accountants to plan for each upcoming year and address possible needs with teachers and equipment.			

Strand 2.1 - Fiscal Budgeting					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Fiscal Budgeting 2 Show how the school has outlined and communicated applicable tuition or fees that students must pay to attend virtual school.	 SBE Rule 0520-01-0216 TILS D3 TDOE Office of General Counsel Guidance and Frequently Asked Questions Regarding Public School Fees 	 Documentation of the tuition or fee and why it is required Documentation of communication to families 	 If required, what is the tuition amount to attend the school? List any fees that students are required to pay. List any fees that students are asked, but not required to pay. How has the school addressed situations in which a family is unable to pay the fees and/or tuition for enrollment and/or extracurricular activities? How are students and parents notified of required fees before they enroll within the school? How are students and parents notified of required fees as opposed to requested fees? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA is a tuition free school and is advertised in student handbook, school website, and during the enrollment process.	

Domain 3: School Operations

Assurances

1. The virtual school fully complies with all compulsory attendance requirements and monitors and reports daily attendance for students enrolled in the virtual school pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-6-3007 and State Board Rule 0520-01-03-.05.

	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	e school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here	to enter text.
2.	The virtual school school.	implements the establishing LEA's progressive truancy intervention plan for students enrolled at the virtual
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	e school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here	to enter text.
3.	jurisdiction. The vi	est 1 of each year, the virtual school notifies all LEAs of the enrollment of students residing within another LEA's retual school notifies the LEA of residency within two (2) weeks when enrollment changes occur relative to within that LEA of residency's jurisdiction pursuant to State Board rule 0520-01-0305(1)(d).
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	e school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here	to enter text.
4.		does not enforce selective enrollment criteria for a student to attend the virtual school if the student resides cy zone of the LEA establishing the virtual school pursuant to T.C.A. § 49-16-211.
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	e school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here	to enter text.
5.		records and monitors class sizes and meets class size standards as established by T.C.A. § 49-1-104, State Board 5(1), and State Board Policy 3.206.
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	e school's plan to come into compliance?

Click or tap here to enter text.

6.	proficiency, are not	nsures that students with special needs, including students with disabilities and students with limited English excluded from enrolling and participating in the virtual school and receive all services required by the student's ation Program (IEP), Section 504 Plan, or Individual Learning Plan (ILP).
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here to	o enter text.
7.		ered, the virtual school has an assigned teacher of record who is properly endorsed and licensed to teach in iance with state law pursuant to State Board Rule 0520-02-03, and State Board Policy 5.502.
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here to	enter text.
8.		nnually evaluates all teachers employed by the LEA serving as teacher of record within the virtual school 49-1-302 and State Board Rule 0520-02-01.
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here to	o enter text.
9.		nd the LEA establishing the public virtual school maintains and provides to the Department of Education d information regarding the operation and compliance of the virtual school.
	✓ Yes	□No
	If not, what is the	school's plan to come into compliance?
	Click or tap here	to enter text.

Domain 3: Monitoring Strands

Strand 3.1 - Attendance					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Attendance 1 Show how the school tracks daily student attendance.	– T.C.A. § 49-6-3007 – SBE Rule 0520-01-0305 – TILS A4, A5, D3	 Internal attendance tracking system Student attendance data Student / academic handbook Note: Evidence needs to be varied – describe each method and how they interact with each other 	 How does the school ensure students are engaging in 6.5 hours of learning each day? How does the school use attendance data to support students? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Teachers enter attendance for each live session that is taught using Skyward. Excel trackers are built to trigger when students reach a certain amount of unexcused days to begin the state/local TIER process.	

Strand 3.1 - Attendance					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Attendance 3 Show how the school supports students who are chronically absent and/or truant.	– T.C.A. § 49-6-3007 – SBE Rule 0520-01-0305 – TILS A4, A5, B4, B5	 Student / academic handbook Attendance procedures 	 What percentage of enrolled students are currently considered chronically absent? What factors lead to chronic absenteeism within the school? What steps has the school taken to support chronically absent students? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA begins with parent support to let parents and students they are there if help is needed. Attendance team works on different bad experiences with families that might lead to absences for their students. Also, they work with families that might not have consistent WiFi or other holistic needs that need to be met.	

	Strand 3.1 - Attendance				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Attendance 4 Show how the school informs students, parents, and guardians of attendance procedures.	– TILS A4, A5, B4, B5	 Parent outreach materials Student / academic handbook 	 How often do parents get updates regarding attendance? What is the process for addressing parent feedback or a concern regarding attendance? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Before enrolling into TNVA full time, each parent and student has to attend a mandatory orientation session. These sessions outline the rules and regulations of the school and possible outcomes if not followed. The truany team will meet and work with each family that have extra questions about attendance.	

	Strand 3.2 - Enrollment				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	
Enrollment 1 Show how the school has established and communicated the process and criteria for determining if a student may remain enrolled in the virtual school.	– T.C.A. § 49-16-211 – T.C.A. § 49-6-3102(f) – TILS B1, D3	Student / academic handbookScreening Criteria	 What is the process for determining if the virtual setting is the right school for a student? What does communication with families look like throughout this process? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: During the orientation session, rules and regulations are outlined and if they do not comply what are the possible outcomes.	
Enrollment 2 Show that the school has an established process for indistrict student enrollment that does <u>not</u> use selective enrollment criteria as a condition for enrollment	– TILS B3, D3	 Student / academic handbook Enrollment application that outlines process Orientation materials Samples of distributed communication 	 Outline the school's enrollment process from the perspective of the student/family. How does the school ensure that the student has everything needed to log in for their first day of school? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Each student of the LEA is automatically accepted unless the grade or school has reached capped numbers. Then it becomes a directors approval.	

	Strand 3.2 - Enrollment					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:		
Show how the school ensures or completes the following: - that out-of-district enrollment procedures align to the LEA board policy on out-of-district enrollment - communicates a timeline and process for out-of-district enrollment	– TILS B1, B4, D3	 Board Approved Policy Student / academic handbook Enrollment application that outlines process School created communication documents Screenshot of website showing out-of-district enrollment information 	 How does the school ensure that its out-of- district (non-residency) enrollment procedures align to LEA policy? How does the school ensure the public (I.e., families) understands how to enroll when living in an out of district area? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Enrollment forms are LEA board approved and mirror LEA's out of district policy. When a family becomes fully approved, they will be put in a cohort to begin the orientation process. Dates of cohorts are told upfront to families.		

Strand 3.3 - Staffing & Operations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:
Staffing & Operations 1 Show how the school ensures that the teacher of record for each course:: - verifies student daily attendance. - monitors the safety and well-being of their students.	– SBE Rule 0520-01-0305 – TILS A5, D3	– Teacher Schedules	 Explain how teachers monitor the well-being of their students. How is this model increasing student achievement and well-being? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Every student is required to attend class and turn on their webcams. If a student misses, an email from that teacher to the family will be sent with the assignment missed for that day. Every 30 days, teachers conduct a survey of how the student and family are doing with virtual learning.

Strand 3.3 - Staffing & Operations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:
Staffing and Operations 2 Show how the school: - ensures teachers are trained to teach Tennessee State Standards - identifies and supports struggling teachers.	– TILS A2, A5, C2, C3	 TEAM evaluation data Teacher evaluation tracker/report Areas of refinement and reinforcement report Documentation of a coaching model 	 How are struggling teachers identified? What supports does the school offer struggling teachers? What trends have been identified when supporting struggling teachers? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Administrators will send out glows/grows after observing teachers. K-1 teachers receive many different walk throughs by administrators during the week. Grades 2-6 uses a combination of bi-weekly conferencing, instructionals rounds, and peer coaching.

	Strand 3.4 - Technology and Instructional Materials					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:		
Tech. & Instructional Materials 1 Show how the school ensures that virtual school students have access to technology, including a computer, printer, and internet connection.	– T.C.A. § 49-16-206 – TILS D3, D4	 Inventory tracker Student / academic handbook Student / family technology contract 	 Describe to us the system for distributing the necessary technology to a family. How does the school ensure every family has the proper technology before school starts? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: It is discussed on TNVA webpage, enrollment, and during new student orientation sessions.		

Strand 3.5 - Special Populations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:

Show how the school implements child find procedures in a virtual setting. - 20 U.S.C. 3 141(2)(3) - SBE Rule 0520-01-09-05 - TILS A3, A4, A5 - TILS A4, A5 -	Special Populations 1				Rating:
Implements child find procedures in a virtual setting: - SEE Rule U5.20 (10-9)-05 - TILS A3, A4, A5 - TILS A5, A4, A5 - TIL					
procedures in a virtual setting. Data regarding special populations Data regarding special populations Data regarding special populations Data regarding special education may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identifies students who may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. - Explain how the school identified sudentifies students in the indicator Not Applicable may be added to be each student in that enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to be forced by added to find educion indicator Not Applicable may be actionable may be added to be forced by added to find a find and the enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to be forced by added to find a find and the enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to be forced by added to the enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to the find a find and the enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to the find a find and the enrolls into indicator Not Applicable may be added to the find and the enrolls in					☐ Partially Meets the Indicator
populations Certimes Sucents Wing have a learning disability that are not receiving special education services. Rationale and Provided Evidence: For each student that enrolls into TNVA, certain questions are asked to find additional information that might help identify special population students. TNVA's parent company, STRIDE, places all of this information in a spreadsheet that is looked at daily during enrollment by Special Populations for students meeting certain criteria from questions answered if a student is identified as to be of special populations, further investigations are triggered. All of the questioning begins at either the welcome call or during orientation. If a student is on identified during the initial process, then an S-Tearn will meet	· ·	– TILS A3, A4, A5		·	☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator
disability that are not receiving special education services. Rationale and Provided Evidence: For each student that enrolls into TNVA, certain questions are asked to find additional information that might help identify special population students. TNVA's parent company, STRIDE, places all of this information in a spreadsheet that is looked at daily during enrollment by Special Populations for students meeting certain criteria from questions answered. If a student is identified as to be of special populations, further investigations are triggered. All of the questioning begins at either the welcome call or during orientation. If a student is not identified during the initial process, then an S-Team will meet	Setting.				☐ Indicator Not Applicable
to determine needs and leveled support.			populations	may have a learning disability that are not receiving special education	Rationale and Provided Evidence: For each student that enrolls into TNVA, certain questions are asked to find additional information that might help identify special population students. TNVA's parent company, STRIDE, places all of this information in a spreadsheet that is looked at daily during enrollment by Special Populations for students meeting certain criteria from questions answered. If a student is identified as to be of special populations, further investigations are triggered. All of the questioning begins at either the welcome call or during orientation. If a student is not identified during the initial process, then an S-Team will meet to determine needs and

	Strand 3.5 - Special Populations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:	

Strand 3.5 - Special Populations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:
Special Populations 2 Show how the school identifies students in need of EL screening in a virtual setting. TDOE ELL guidance found here: TDOE English Learners	 Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 SBE Rule 0520-01-1903 SBE Policy 3.207 TILS A3, B4, D3 	 Screeners used Student / academic handbook Home language survey data 	 Describe the steps that the school takes to identify students who may need EL services. Outline the screening process for. 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: During the enrollment process, families have to complete the Home Language Survey. Special Populations manager uses STRIDE provided Child Find to find answers to the "3" state questions to indicate possible EL services. Once identified, EL teacher contacts the student to set up in person WIDA testing for the student.

	Strand 3.5 - Special Populations					
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:		
Special Populations 3 Show how the school oversees the implementation of IEPs and ILPs for virtual school students	 SBE Rule 0520-01-09 SBE Policy 3.206 SBE Policy 3.207 TILS A2, A3, A4, A5, B2, D3 	 - IEP/ILP example (redacted where necessary) - Student / academic handbook 	 Outline the process in which ESL and Special Education teachers provide virtual supports for students? How do students receive required in-person support? How does the school ensure that students that are receiving tiered interventions are advancing academically? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator ☐ Partially Meets the Indicator ☐ Does Not Meet the Indicator ☐ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Once enrolled into TNVA, the school pysch does a full file review. The school uses an inclusion model and resources classes for 30-45 minutes each day as appropriate. Identified EL students receive 1 hour of services per day.		

Strand 3.5 - Special Populations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:
Special Populations 4 Show how the school ensures that student's EL and SPED services are met.	 SBE Rule 0520-01-09 SBE Policy 3.206 SBE Policy 3.207 TILS A2, A3, A4, A5, D3 	 Schedule of EL or SPED services Redacted ILP or IEP meeting minutes (ensure the sample is devoid of any student information) 	 How does the school ensure student's service minutes are being met and schedules are correct for SWDs and EL students? How does the school execute these schedules and service minutes with fidelity? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: TNVA has a tracker that calculates the minutes per student of services according to the OLS. SPED manager and compliancy manager montitors this for any differences in minutes or schedule. Changes in schedule are made when appropriate minutes are not being met.

Strand 3.5 - Special Populations				
Indicator	Citation	Recommended Evidence	Recommended Interview Questions	Final Rating & Rationale:
Special Populations 5 Show how the school provides appropriate staff and resources to support SWD and EL students.	- ESSA, Title III § 3102 - SBE Rule 0520-01-09 - SBE Policy 3.206 - SBE Policy 3.207	Staffing DocumentsClass Rosters	 Describe the school's staffing model and how it is meets student needs. What resources has the school used to ensure that SWD and EL students have the supports they need? 	Rating: ✓ Fully Meets the Indicator □ Partially Meets the Indicator □ Does Not Meet the Indicator □ Indicator Not Applicable Rationale and Provided Evidence: Each grade band has the appropriate number of teachers per students. A compliance person is assigned to each grade to provide support for paperwork and files.

Appendix A: Glossary of Terms and Acronyms for Virtual School Monitoring

The acronyms and nomenclature below are used throughout the framework.

Terms	Acronym/Short Term	Meaning
Academic Achievement		The percentage of students performing on grade level or above on state assessments as well as the improvement in this percentage from one year to the next.
Advanced Placement	AP	Early post-secondary courses offered that allow students to engage with highly rigorous course work.
Annual Measurable Objective	AMO	Yearly targets for improving performance based on prior year results.
Assurances		Statements aligned to Tennessee statutes, rules, and/or guidance that virtual schools and LEAs operating virtual schools must comply with.
Asynchronous Virtual Instruction		An instructional model that provides students access to on-demand instruction that is fully virtual/online. This model allows students to access instructional materials and progress at their own pace and does not require students to attend regularly scheduled (daily/every other day) virtual classes with a teacher.
Bisynchronous Virtual Instruction		An instructional model that utilizes both asynchronous and synchronous virtual instruction.
Career & Technical Education	CTE	Career & Technical Education consists of nationally recognized career clusters with the goal of preparing students for success at the postsecondary level and in their chosen careers.
Chronically Absent		Tennessee public school students are considered chronically absent if they are absent for 10 percent or more instructional days for any reason, including excused absences and out-of-school suspensions.
College and Career Readiness		See Ready Graduate
CTE Concentrator		A student who concentrates in CTE by at least 2 sequenced courses in a single career and technical education program or program of study.

Terms	Acronym/Short Term	Meaning
Dual Credit	DC	Statewide (SWDC) and Local Dual credit (LDC) courses are high school course aligned to a postsecondary institution's course and exam. Students who pass the exam earn credits that are accepted and/or recognized by the postsecondary institution.
Dual Enrollment	DE	Postsecondary course taught either at the postsecondary institution or at the high school, by postsecondary faculty or credentialed adjunct faculty.
Early Post-Secondary Opportunities	EPSO	A course and/or exam that give students a chance to obtain postsecondary credit while still in high school.
Economically Disadvantaged	ED	Students identified as participants in federal/state income/nutrition programs (e.g., TANF, SNAP), or students that meet categorical eligibility through their status as foster care, homeless, migrant, and/or runaway students.
English Learner	EL	Student identified by the LEA that have a native language other than English. EL student needs and placement can range across a spectrum of ESL/ELL services.
Graduation Rate		Measures the percentage of students that are graduating in four years and whether this percentage is increasing from one year to the next.
Hybrid Virtual Instruction		An instructional model that provides students access to virtual instruction and requires students to periodically attend class in-person within a brick-and-mortar location.
Individual Learning Plans	ILP	A document that describes an EL student's academic and language needs and goals.
Individualized Education Plan	IEP	A document that identifies a student's disability, outlines clear goals and objectives, and explains how the student will be supported.
Individuals with Disabilities Education Act	IDEA	A federal law that ensures students with a disability are provided with Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE) that is tailored to their individual needs.
In-district Enrollment		Enrollment option for students who reside within the zone of residency of the LEA establishing the virtual school.
Inform TN		A data and planning system that districts use to review accountability data and enter school/district plans.
Local Education Agency	LEA	The school district that oversees the virtual school.

Terms	Acronym/Short Term	Meaning
Monitoring Domain	Domain	High-level topics that LEAs operating a virtual school are statutorily obligated to monitor on an annual basis. The domains are divided into monitoring strands.
Monitoring Framework		A series of documents that define and outline standardized monitoring practices for virtual schools and LEAs operating virtual schools.
Monitoring Indicators	Indicator	Items aligned with state statute, regulation, and/or TILS that LEAs will use to determine if the school is meeting the LEA's operational expectation.
Monitoring Strand	Strand	Topics that LEAs should focus on when monitoring their virtual schools. Strands are high-level topics that are divided into monitoring indicators.
Out-of-district Enrollment		Enrollment option for students who reside within a contiguous county, municipality, or city outside the zone of residency of the LEA establishing the virtual school.
Ready Graduate		Measures whether students are ready for college and careers after high school and whether the percentage of students who are ready is improving from one year to the next.
State-wide Enrollment		Enrollment option for students who reside outside the zone of residency of the LEA establishing the virtual school and do not reside in a contiguous county, municipality, or city.
Students With Disabilities	SWD	A student who has been identified to have a disability that affects their academic progress.
Success Rate		The one-year success rate represents the percentage of students that scored on track or mastered on annual state tests.
Synchronous Virtual Instruction		An instructional model that provides scheduled, teacher supervised instruction that is fully virtual/online. This model of instruction does require students to attend regularly scheduled (daily/every other day) virtual classes with a teacher.
Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program	ТСАР	Tennessee Comprehensive Assessment Program includes TNReady assessments in math, English language arts, social studies, and science, as well as alternative assessments, like MSAA and TCAP-Alt, for students with special needs.
Tennessee Instructional Leadership Standards	TILS	Core performance indicators of ethical and effective instructional leaders.
Tennessee Value-Added Assessment System	TVAAS	Tennessee accountability component that measures student growth year over year.

Terms	Acronym/Short Term	Meaning
Virtual Instruction		Instruction that is asynchronous, synchronous, or bisynchronous.